MEXICO: MAIN MACRO-FINANCIAL INDICATORS

International Economics and Euro Area Department





Table 1

Mexico: main economic and social indicators

	2020					J2U	
GDP per capita (constant \$)	8,329	Life exp	ectancy (years)	75.1 43.9 45.4			
GDP per capita (PPP)	18,444	Poverty	rate (% of the po				
GDP (\$bn)	1,073.9	Inequalit	ty (Gini)				
Population (million)	128.9	Inflation target (2022)			3.0% (± 1.0 pp)		
	2000-2004 average	2005-2009 average	2010-2014 average	2015-2019 average	2020	2021	
GDP (year-on-year rate)	2.0	1.0	3.3	2.0	-8.3	-5.9	
CPI (year-on-year rate)	6.0	4.4	3.9	4.0	3.4	5.7	
Core CPI (year-on-year rate)	5.7	4.1	3.3	3.5	3.8	4.7	
Policy interest rate (%)	7.7	7.1	4.0	6.4	4.3	5.5	
Unemployment rate (%)	3.1	4.0	5.0	3.7	4.5	4.4	
Budget balance (% of GDP)	-0.7	-0.5	-2.6	-2.1	-2.9	-2.9	
Primary budget balance (% of GDP)	1.9	1.7	-0.7	0.4	0.1	-0.3	
Public debt (% of GDP)	_	26.2	36.4	47.0	53.1	51.5	
External sector							
Trade openness (% of GDP)	46.5	52.7	60.5	72.0	75.5	76.9	
Current account balance (% of GDP)	-1.8	-0.9	-1.5	-1.8	2.4	-0.4	
Foreign direct investment received (% of GDP)	3.1	2.6	2.5	3.0	2.9	2.5	
Portfolio capital inflows (% of GDP)	0.5	-0.3	2.8	0.7	-0.4		
Reserves (months of imports)	2.9	3.4	4.5	4.3	5.2	4.4	
Reserves (% of GDP)	6.6	7.7	10.4	8.3	8.5	7.9	
ARA metrics (IMF) (b)	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	
External debt (% of GDP)	21.3	16.6	22.1	20.5	30.9	28.6	
Domestic debt held by non-residents (% of total)	7.3	20.0	44.6	60.5	51.5	44.5	
Financial markets							
Exchange rate against the euro	10.5	15.4	17.0	20.9	25.5	24.4	
Exchange rate against the dollar	10.2	11.3	12.9	18.3	22.2	20.0	
10-year government debt yield (%)	10.1	8.3	5.9	6.7	6.0	6.7	
Average government debt maturity (months)	26.0	59.2	89.6	95.3	92.3	88.0	
Sovereign CDS (basis points)			117	120	160.7	93.5	
Pemex CDS (basis points)			143	225	551.5	376.1	
Banking sector							
Size of the sector (% of GDP)	34.5	32.5	34.4	39.2	43.4	42.0	
Credit to the private sector (% of GDP)	_	_	16.0	19.3	20.7	19.1	
Credit-to-GDP gap (c)	-7.8	1.6	5.0	5.6	2.8	0.0	
Housing prices (year-on-year)	_	1.7	-0.5	4.0	1.9	0.9	
Regulatory capital/risk-weighted assets	_	15.6	16.0	15.5	17.7		
Tier 1	_	14.2	13.9	13.9	16.1		
Risk-weighted assets/total assets	_	0.0	65.6	65.2	60.9	59.9	
Non-performing loans (% of portfolio)	_	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.4	0.0	
ROA (d)	_	_	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	
ROE (e)	_	_	13.6	14.1	12.4	11.0	
Liquidity ratio	_	_	36.2	24.8	24.0	24.3	
Primary expenditure (% of total revenues)	-	_	68.5	66.2	68.9	70.8	
Net interest income (% of gross revenues) (f)	_	_	7.0	5.5	7.1	7.9	

2020

2020

SOURCES: IMF, Thomson Reuters and national statistics.

- a Percentage of population with income of less than 3.2 dollars (purchasing power parity) per day.
- b Drawing on the IMF's calculations for assessing reserve adequacy, which takes into account the level of reserves relative to different aggregates and the related opportunity cost.
- ${f c}$ Difference between the level observed and the trend in credit to the private sector as a percentage of GDP.
- d Return on Assets (ROA) is defined as profit as a percentage of assets in the banking sector portfolio.
- e Return on Equity (ROE) is defined as profit as a percentage of capital in the banking sector.
- f Defined as the ratio of net income from financial intermediation to operating income. Provisioning expenses are not included in the numerator. Operating income comprises income from financial intermediation, income from services, income from shares and other operating income/expenditure, except for administration expenses.

Table 2

Mexico: situation of vulnerability (a)

	Time series							With respect to other emerging economies			
	20)17	20)18	20)19	20	020	20	021	Latest figure
	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	
Sovereign spread (bp)											
Stock market (quarterly change)											
Exchange rate (quarterly change)											
Sovereign spread (quarterly change)											
GDP (year-on-year)											
Inflation											
Industrial output											
Currency overvaluation											
Budget balance (% of GDP)											
Gross public sector debt (% of GDP)											
Credit (real, year-on-year)											
Deposits (real, year-on-year)											
Net foreign assets of banks (% of GDP)											
Non-performing loans (% of portfolio)											
Loan-to-deposit ratio											
Banks' equity index (quarterly change)											
Banks' external debt spread											
Interbank interest rate											
Net interest income											
Banking risk (BICRA)											
Banking risk (IHS)											
Current account balance (% of GDP)											
Foreign direct investment (% of GDP)											
External debt (% of GDP)											
Short-term external debt (% of reserves)											
Reserves (% of GDP)											
External debt service (% of exports)											
Portfolio investment (% of GDP)											
GDP per capita (change)											
Political risk (IHS)											
Geopolitical risk (GPR)											
Sovereign rating											
Doing business (percentil)									_	_	
Stability/Absence of violence (percentile)											

SOURCE: I. Alonso and L. Molina (2021), "A GPS navigator to monitor risks in emerging economies: the vulnerability dashboard", Occasional Paper No 2111, Banco de España.

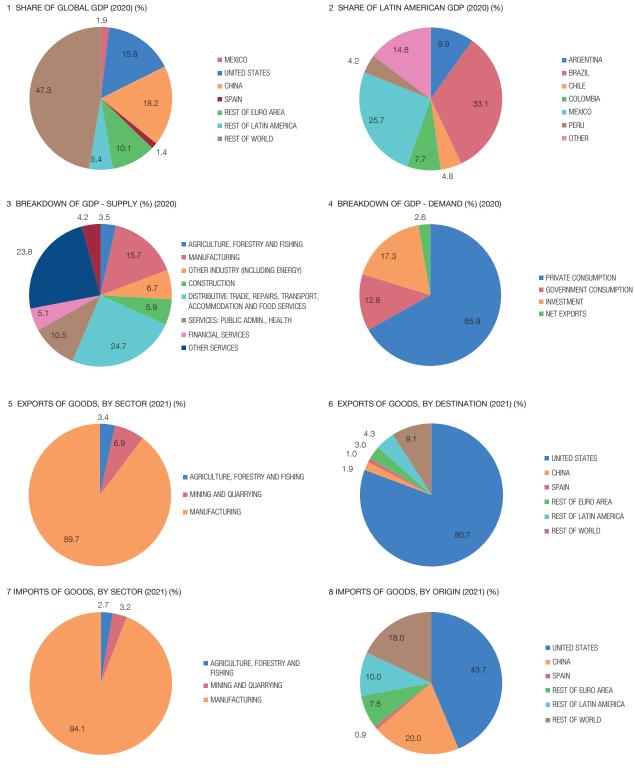
a The risk level is indicated with shades of green (associated with lower levels of vulnerability), yellow (medium vulnerability) and red (variables in the higher risk percentiles).

Table 3 Spain and euro area exposure to Mexico (2020 unless otherwise indicated)

	\$bn		Percentage of GDP		Percentage of total		Ranking	
	Euro area	Spain	Euro area	Spain	Euro area	Spain	Euro area	Spain
Exports of goods	31.1	3.7	0.2	0.3	0.7	1.2	26	14
Imports of goods	21.7	3.5	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.1	32	19
Exports of services	16.7	1.9	0.1	0.1	0.8	2.1	27	12
Imports of services	7.9	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.4	1.1	39	14
International Investment Position: Foreign Direct Investment. Assets	197.8	42.4	1.5	3.3	2.9	7.3	19	4
International Investment Position: Foreign Direct Investment. Liabilities	52.3	8.7	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.1	31	14
International Investment Position: Portfolio Investment. Assets (June 2021)	116.9	4.8	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.5	26	16
International Investment Position: Portfolio Investment. Liabilities (June 2021)	17.4	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	39	37
Credit exposure to Mexico of BIS reporting banks (a) (September 2021)	203.0	183.2	1.4	12.8	1.7	9.3	16	3
Claims of Mexican banks vis-à-vis residents of the euro area or Spain (September 2021)	1.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23	23
Debt of Mexican residents to banks from the euro area or Spain (b) (September 2021)	203.0	183.2	15.7	14.1	50.2	45.3	_	1

 $\textbf{SOURCES:} \ \textbf{IMF, OECD, Eurostat, BIS and national statistics.}$

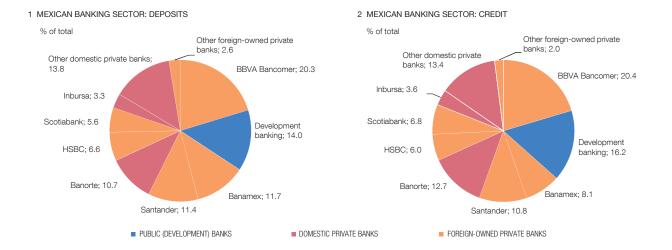
a With respect to euro area and Spanish figures.b With respect to Brazilian figures.



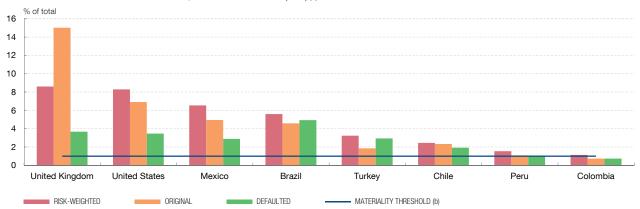
SOURCES: OECD and IMF.

Chart 2

Mexico: Structure of the banking sector



3 EXPOSURES TO MATERIAL THIRD COUNTRIES, BY TYPE OF EXPOSURE (2020) (a)



SOURCES: Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores (CNBV) and Banco de España.

a Credit and other claims on households and non-financial corporations, excluding public entities and financial institutions.

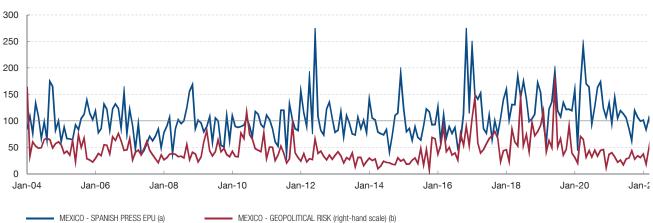
b 1% of any of the types of exposure.



Chart 3

Mexico: uncertainty indicators, geopolitical risks and sovereign ratings

1 NEWS-BASED INDICATORS



2 SOVEREIGN RATINGS

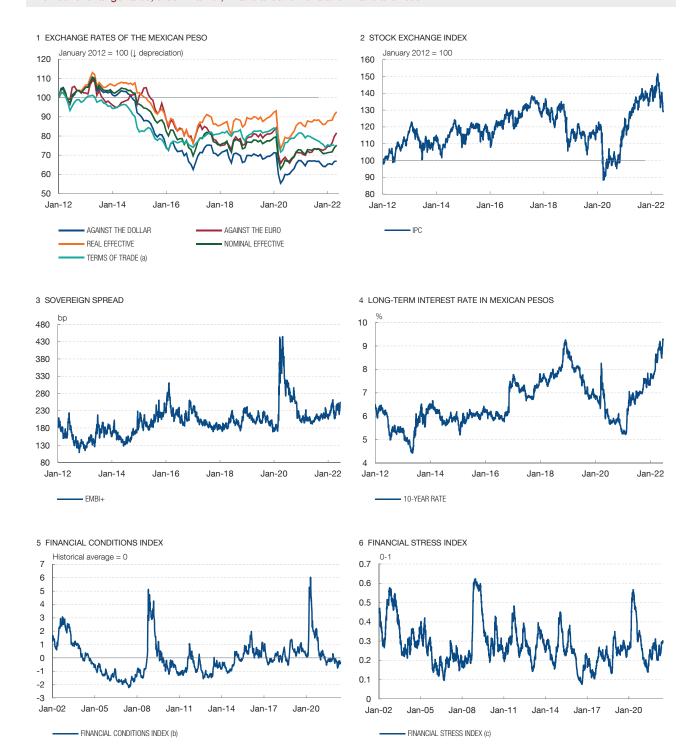


SOURCES: Banco de España, D. Caldara and M. Iacoviello (2021), "Measuring Geopolitical Risk", *American Economic Review,* April, Vol. 112(4), pp. 1194-1225, C. Ghirelli, J. Pérez and A. Urtasun (2021), "The spillover effects of economic policy uncertainty in Latin America on the Spanish economy", *Latin American Journal of Central Banking*, Vol. 2(2), Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch.

- a The Economic Policy Uncertainty (EPU) index is constructed drawing on the local press using words related to uncertainty over economic policies, based on the methodology of S. Baker, N. Bloom and S. Davis (2016), "Measuring economic policy uncertainty", *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, Vol. 131(4), pp. 1593-1636.
- **b** The Geopolitical Risk (GPR) index is a measure of adverse geopolitical events based on a survey of newspaper articles in the English-speaking press covering geopolitical unrest.

Chart 4

Mexico: exchange rates, stock market, financial conditions and financial stress



SOURCES: Banco de España and Thomson Reuters.

- a Ratio between export prices and import prices.
- **b** Prepared using a principal component methodology drawing on changes in the stock market, short and long-term interest rates, the price of commodities and exchange rate fluctuations.
- c Prepared on the basis of the volatilities and spreads of six market segments, standardised and grouped discounting any cross-correlations.

